

both times.

As a result, we failed to receive about 3 billion dollars in the last 5 years alone.

The Americans are pressuring us to give up certain joint projects involving the transfer of space technologies to India, which refuses to join the Treaty on the Nonproliferation of Nuclear Weapons.

They themselves, though, a few days ago offered India military satellites and modern airplanes in exchange for the right of American warships and submarines to enter Indian ports ....

*Incidentally*, it has now been discovered that what we sold was not an operating "Topaz" but a stand-testing model. By conducting tests with this model, the Pentagon, which bought it for 7.5 million dollars, expects to obtain an economic benefit in the hundreds of millions.

\*See also the *Daily SNAP*, January 16, 1992, p. 1, col. 2  
(SNAP 920505)

\* \* \* \*

Author: Tsarev, I.

Title: NEW BOOK PROMPTS CALL FOR DISCLOSURE OF PSYCHOLOGICAL-WEAPONS R&D

Primary Source: *Trud*, April 10, 1992, No. 61 (21585), p. 4, cols. 5-7

Extract: An ultrasecret experiment of American military services which was aimed at the possible use of telepathy for their purposes was described in an article by Jacques Berger entitled "Thought Transmission -- A Military Weapon." This article was published in France in December of 1959 and caused considerable commotion.

We turned for explanations to the authors of a book, *Psychotronic War* (Psikhotronnaya voyna), which is to be published by the publishing house of the Society for Studying Mysteries and Riddles of the Earth. "How authentic is this case?" we asked. It would be difficult to select a more competent source; Doctor of Biological Sciences G. Gurtovoy, a professor of biophysics, and I. Vinokurov, a physiologist, have been engaged in research in the field

of bioenergy information science for more decades than one.

On March 12, 1991, at a meeting in the Academy of Sciences, Ye. Aleksandrov, corresponding member of the USSR Academy of Sciences, identified organizations which were engaged in 'pseudo-science,' in his opinion.

The cost of research of spinor (torsion) or microlepton fields which allegedly transmit thoughts over distances proved to be 23 million rubles for projects under the auspices of the USSR Ministry of Defense alone, while the amount appropriated through the USSR Cabinet of Ministers' military-industrial commission and the USSR State Security Committee was approximately 500 million rubles.

Can Aleksandrov be correct in asserting that all of this work on development of psychological weapons is worthless? The commission "Fenomen" has a list of 26 executors of work on the problem of "torsion" fields. On this list are very reputable institutes and firms and also eminent scientists, including academicians.

Has the time perhaps come to make developments in the field of "psi" weapons public, in order to be consistent in our striving for disarmament? We hope that such an open dialogue will take place. And the "Fenomen" commission will continue its investigation for the time being.\*

\*See also the *Daily SNAP*, October 18, 1991, p. 2, col. 2; April 9, 1992, p. 3, col. 2  
(SNAP 920505)

\* \* \* \*

Comments should be addressed to:

FASTC/DXLT

Attn: Roger Crozier

WPAFB, OH 45433-6508

Additions or deletions to the distribution list should be addressed to:

FASTC/DXLP

Attn: Mary Washington

WPAFB, OH 45433-6508

Recipients of the *Daily SNAP* are advised that *SNAP* is intended solely for U.S. government agencies and their designated contractors.

both times.

As a result, we failed to receive about 3 billion dollars in the last 5 years alone.

The Americans are pressuring us to give up certain joint projects involving the transfer of space technologies to India, which refuses to join the Treaty on the Nonproliferation of Nuclear Weapons.

They themselves, though, a few days ago offered India military satellites and modern airplanes in exchange for the right of American warships and submarines to enter Indian ports ....

*Incidentally*, it has now been discovered that what we sold was not an operating "Topaz" but a stand-testing model. By conducting tests with this model, the Pentagon, which bought it for 7.5 million dollars, expects to obtain an economic benefit in the hundreds of millions.

\*See also the *Daily SNAP*, January 16, 1992, p. 1, col. 2 (SNAP 920505)

\* \* \* \*

Author: Tsarev, I.

Title: NEW BOOK PROMPTS CALL FOR DISCLOSURE OF PSYCHOLOGICAL-WEAPONS R&D

Primary Source: *Trud*, April 10, 1992, No. 61 (21585), p. 4, cols. 5-7

Extract: An ultrasecret experiment of American military services which was aimed at the possible use of telepathy for their purposes was described in an article by Jacques Berger entitled "Thought Transmission -- A Military Weapon." This article was published in France in December of 1959 and caused considerable commotion.

We turned for explanations to the authors of a book, *Psychotronic War* (Psikhotronnaya voyna), which is to be published by the publishing house of the Society for Studying Mysteries and Riddles of the Earth. "How authentic is this case?" we asked. It would be difficult to select a more competent source; Doctor of Biological Sciences G. Gurtovoy, a professor of biophysics, and I. Vinokurov, a physiologist, have been engaged in research in the field

of bioenergy information science for more decades than one.

On March 12, 1991, at a meeting in the Academy of Sciences, Ye. Aleksandrov, corresponding member of the USSR Academy of Sciences, identified organizations which were engaged in 'pseudo-science,' in his opinion.

The cost of research of spinor (torsion) or microlepton fields which allegedly transmit thoughts over distances proved to be 23 million rubles for projects under the auspices of the USSR Ministry of Defense alone, while the amount appropriated through the USSR Cabinet of Ministers' military-industrial commission and the USSR State Security Committee was approximately 500 million rubles.

Can Aleksandrov be correct in asserting that all of this work on development of psychological weapons is worthless? The commission "Fenomen" has a list of 26 executors of work on the problem of "torsion" fields. On this list are very reputable institutes and firms and also eminent scientists, including academicians.

Has the time perhaps come to make developments in the field of "psi" weapons public, in order to be consistent in our striving for disarmament? We hope that such an open dialogue will take place. And the "Fenomen" commission will continue its investigation for the time being.\*

\*See also the *Daily SNAP*, October 18, 1991, p. 2, col. 2; April 9, 1992, p. 3, col. 2 (SNAP 920505)

\* \* \* \* SG11

Comments should be addressed to:



Recipients of the *Daily SNAP* are advised that *SNAP* is intended solely for U.S. government agencies and their designated contractors.